04	CTA
Z4	674

(Pages : 2)

Name	 	٠.	••	•	••	••	••	••	•	••		•	•	•	••	•	•

FIRST SEMESTER LL.B. (THREE YEAR-UNITARY) DEGREE EXAMINATION JUNE 2017

CP 05-LAW OF CRIMES I

(2015 Admissions)

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 75 Marks

Part A

Answer any five questions. Each question carries 6 marks.

- I. (a) Define crime. Distinguish between crime and Tort?
 - (b) What are the different types of managements under the Indian Penal Code?
 - (c) Distinguish between Recklessness and Negligence.
 - (d) Explain the maxim "Actus non-fecitrens nisi mensit rea".
 - (e) Discuss the extent of the Extra-territorial jurisdiction of the Indian Penal Code.
 - (f) State the relevant provisions of the Indian penal code relating to the doctrine of joint liability for criminal offence?
 - (g) Explain "Abetment of an abetment" giving illustrations.
- (h) Briefly state how for 'drunkeness' is a defence under the Indian Penal Code.

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Part B

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

- (a) X and Y conspire to poison Z. X in pursuance of the conspiracy procures the poison and delivers it to Y in order that he may sadminister it to Z. Y in pursuance of the conspiracy administers the poison in the presence of X and thereby causes Z's death. What offences X and Y have committed? Decide.
- (b) 'A' is cutting wood with an axe at a place where children are playing. The axe flies off and kills a nearby child. Discuss the liability of 'A'.

(c) 'A' finds a watch on the floor of a KSRTC bus while he was leaving it as the last passenger. He picket it up and put it in his pocket instead of returning it to the state transport Authority. Next day he sold it to B. Has 'A' Committed any offence? Decide.

 $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks})$

Part C

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 12.5 marks.

- III. (a) State and explain the various stages of a Crime. Distinguish between "Preparation" and "attempt" to commit an offence. Compare attempt to commit an offence with abetment of an offence.
 - (b) Who is a Public servant? Explain the offences committed by a public servant (i) by taking gratification other than legal remuneration and (ii) taking gratification by corrupt or illegal means to influence a public servant.
 - (c) Explain the scope of common intention as given by section 14 of the Indian Penal Code, compare the 'joint liability' as given in section 3 with the constructive liability, as provided in section 149 of the Indian Penal Code.

 $(2 \times 12.5 = 25 \text{ marks})$

				_
-	FO	-	71	=
,,	53	Ω		,

(Pages : 2)

Nam	C
Reg.	No

THIRD SEMESTER B.B.A.,LL.B. (HONOURS) DEGREE EXAMINATION APRIL 2019

CL 7-LAW OF CRIMES-I

(2011 Syllabus Year)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum: 75 Marks

Part A

Write short notes on any six of the following.

Each question carries 5 marks.

- 1. Explain mens rea and actus reus.
- Explain the differences between intention and knowledge.
- 3. Infancy as a defence.
- 4. What are the essence of the offence of criminal conspiracy.
- 5. Explain the offence of Riot.
- 6. What is an unlawful assembly?
- Explain the ingredients of Sedition.
- 8. Write note on:
 - Life imprisonment.
 - 2. Necessity.

 $(6 \times 5 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Part B

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

- M a soldier fires on a mob by the order of his superior officer in conformity with the commands of the law. Has M committed any offence?
- 2. X instigates Y and Z to break into an inhabited house at midnight for committing robbery and provides them with arms for that purpose. Y and Z break into the house and being resisted by P, one of the inmates, murder P. Here, explain the liability of X, Y and Z.
- 3. P sets fire an inhabited house in a large town for the purpose of facilitating a robbery and thus causes the death of a person. Whether P is liable for the death of the person?

4. A, knowing that a dacoity is about to be committed at B, falsely informs the magistrate that a dacoity is about to be committed at C, a place in an opposite direction and thereby facilitating the commission of the offence. Examine the liability of A.

 $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks})$

Part C

Answer any two of the following. Each question carries 12.5 marks.

- Define abetment and discuss the various methods by which abetment is possible.
- 2. Explain the concept of joint criminal liability. What is common intention and how does it differ from common object?
- 3. What are incomplete offences? Explain the various stages in the commission of a crime.
- 4. Define the terms intention, knowledge and reckless. Explain how each one is incorporated in the provisions of IPC?

 $(2 \times 12.5 = 25 \text{ marks})$

D 73446

Nam	B
Reg.	No
Too B.	· 프레이트 - 프랑스 : 그리는 이렇게 보고 그리고 있어야 한 때 없는 하는 그리고 있다.

FIRST SEMESTER LL.B. (THREE YEAR UNITARY) DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2019

LL.B. (Three Year Unitary) CP 05-LAW OF CRIMES-I

Time : Three Hours

Maximum: 75 Marks

Part A

Answer any **five** questions. Each question carries 6 marks.

- 1. Define sedition.
- Discuss negligence under IPC.
- Examine common object.
- 4. Write on vicarious liability.
- Distinguish between crime and tort.
- 6. Discuss the punishment for abetment.
- 7. Examine personation at election.
- Explain rioting.

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Part B

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

- A girl of 19 years visits doctor for consultation, but the doctor advised her to undergo operation, and had sexually assaulted her after getting her consent in the guise of performing operation. Discuss the liability of the doctor.
- 2. Mr A intends to murder B, and puts poison in B's food and keeps the food in B's table. Discuss the liability of A.
- 3. Mr. P instigates Mr. Q to murder R and Q stabs R. What offence had P committed?

 $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks})$

Part C

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 12.5 marks.

- 1. Discuss the scope of insanity under IPC.
- 2. Examine abetment in IPC.
- 3. Analyze actus non facit reum nisi mens sit rea.

 $(2 \times 12.5 = 25 \text{ mark})$